19th WEAPONS SQUADRON



MISSION

LINEAGE

19th Observation Squadron (Light) constituted, 5 Feb 1942 Activated, 2 Mar 1942 Redesignated 19th Observation Squadron, 4 Jul 1942 Redesignated 19th Liaison Squadron, 2 Apr 1943 Inactivated, 1 Dec 1945 Redesignated 19th Tactical Air Support Squadron (Light), and activated, 17 Jun 1963 Organized, 8 Jul 1963 Discontinued and inactivated, 8 Aug 1964 Activated, 16 Oct 1964 Organized, 21 Oct 1964 Inactivated, 1 Oct 1993 Redesignated 19th Weapons Squadron, 24 Jan 2003 Activated, 3 Feb 2003

STATIONS

Miami Muni Aprt, FL, 2 Mar 1942 Jacksonville Muni Aprt, FL, 7 Mar 1942 Pope Field, NC, 11 May 1942 Morris Field, NC, 19 Oct 1942 Camp Campbell (later, Campbell AAFId), KY, 3 Apr 1943 Aiken AAFId, SC, 22 Jun 1943-26 Feb 1944 Bombay, India, 9 Apr 1944 Kanchrapara, India, 15 Apr 1944 Ondal, India, 29 Apr 1944 Chabua, India, 17 May 1944 Kunming, China, 29 May 1944 Chengkung, China, 28 Mar 1945 Nanning, China, 18 Aug 1945 Calcutta, India, Oct-7 Nov 1945 Fort Lewis, WA, 30 Nov-1 Dec 1945 Bien Hoa AB, South Vietnam, 8 Jul 1963-8 Aug 1964 Bien Hoa AB, South Vietnam, 21 Oct 1964 Phan Rang AB, South Vietnam, 1 Aug 1971 Osan AB, South Korea, 15 Jan 1972 Suwon AB, South Korea, 1 Aug 1989 Osan AB, South Korea, 1 Oct 1990-1 Oct 1993 Nellis AFB, NV, 3 Feb 2003

ASSIGNMENTS

Air Force Combat Command, 2 Mar 1942 Army Air Forces, 9 Mar 1942 66th Observation (later, 66th Reconnaissance) Group, 29 Mar 1942 I Air Support Command (later, I Tactical Air Division), 11 Aug 1943 U. S. Army Forces, China-Burma-India, Apr 1944 Fourteenth Air Force, 29 May 1944 69th Composite Wing, 10 Jun 1944 Tenth Air Force, 1 Aug-1 Dec 1945 34th Tactical Group, 8 Jul 1963-8 Aug 1964 34th Tactical Group, 21 Oct 1964 6251st Tactical Fighter Wing, 8 Jul 1965 505th Tactical Control Group, 8 Nov 1965 504th Tactical Air Support Group, 8 Dec 1966 314th Air Division, 15 Jan 1972 51st Composite Wing, 30 Sep 1974 5th Tactical Air Control Group, 8 Jan 1980 51st Fighter (later, 51st Operations) Group, 1 Oct 1990-1 Oct 1993 USAF Weapons School, 3 Feb 2003

ATTACHMENTS

Y Force, 29 May 1944-8 Aug 1944 6250th Tactical Air Support Group, Provisional, 1 Aug-8 Nov 1965 Tactical Air Support Group, Provisional, 6253, 9 Sep-8 Dec 1966

COMPONENTS

Detachment 1 Camp Casey, South Korea, 15 Apr 1976-8 Jan 1980

WEAPON SYSTEMS

A-20C, 1942-1943 B-25, 1942-1943 DB-7, 1942-1943 L-1A, 1942 L-4, 1942-1943, 1943-1944 0-46, 1942-1943 0-52, 1942 P-39D, 1942-1943 P-43A, 1942-1943 L-2, 1943, 1943-1944 L-3, 1943 L-5, 1943, 1943-1945 L-6, 1943; 1943-1944 P-51, 1943 0-1, 1963-1964 0-1, 1964-1970, 1971 0-2, 1968-1971, 1972-1975 OV-10, 1968-1971, 1975-1983, 1985-1989 OA-37, 1983-1985 A(later OA)-10, 1989-1993

COMMANDERS

Maj Lorick L. Stephenson Jr., 2 Mar 1942 Maj George W. Ribble, 15 Mar 1942 1LT Forrest J. Jourder, 27 Sep 1942 Cpt Woodrow Herring, 28 Sep 1942 Cpt Horace B. Wetherwell, 8 Oct 1942 Maj Richard D. Day, 26 Apr 1943 Cpt Edward W. Gamard, Sep 1944 1LT Dominic V. DiVincenzo, Dec 1944 Maj William E. Surginer, Jan 1945-unkn Unkn, 8-9 Jul 1963 Maj David W. Shoup, 10 Jul 1963 LTC John J. Wilfong, 19 Jul 1963 LTC Fredrick J. McAnally, 9 Mar 1964 LTC Andrew J. Chapman, 14 Jul-8 Aug 1964 LTC Vincent J. Mankowski, 21 Oct 1964 LTC Daniel J. Miller, 1 May 1965 LTC Alfred N. King, by Jun 1966 LTC John J. Jones Jr., 10 Feb 1967 LTC Paul D. Jones, 2 Sep 1967 LTC James T. Patrick, 13 Mar 1968 LTC John D. Ward, 4 Dec 1968

LTC William G. Reitz, 3 Jun 1969 Maj Thomas A. Shircliff, 16 Sep 1969 (acting) LTC William G. Reitz, 13 Oct 1969 LTC William G. Morton, 6 Apr 1970 LTC Andrew G. Martin Jr., 19 Jan 1971 LTC Irl R. Hollingsworth, 15 Jul-30 Sep 1971 None (not manned), 1 Oct 1971-14 Jan 1972 Col William R. Peters, 15 Jan 1972 LTC Reginald H. Shepherd, 25 Jul 1972 Col Ross W. Watt Jr., 8 Aug 1972 Col Charles Carr, 13 Aug 1973 Col Elford L. Carwile, Aug 1974 LTC Robert J. Watson, 21 Sep 1974 LTC Ralph F. Wetzel, 23 Jul 1975 LTC Glenn A. Griffith, 22 Jan 1976 LTC Felix L. Sambogna, 1 Sep 1977 LTC Donald Wheeler Jr., 17 Oct 1977 Maj Thomas E. Cleland, 24 Jul 1979 (temporary) LTC Ralph D. Barclay, 25 Aug 1979 LTC Frederick Bosse, 23 Sep 1980 LTC Morris R. Taffet, 1 Jul 1982 LTC Robert W. Gaskin, 15 Jun 1984 LTC William E. Townsley, 12 Jun 1985 LTC Garland W. Padgett Jr., 26 Jun 1987-unkn LTC Richard B. Tallman Jr., 14 Dec 1990 LTC William H. Camp, 29 Jun 1992 LTC Sydney G. McPherson, 12 Jul-1 Oct 1993

HONORS

Service Streamers None

Campaign Streamers

World War II Antisubmarine, American Theater India-Burma; China Defensive Central Burma China Offensive

Vietnam Vietnam Advisory Vietnam Defensive Vietnam Air Vietnam Air Offensive Vietnam Air Offensive, Phase II Vietnam Air Offensive, Phase III Vietnam Air/Ground Vietnam Air Offensive, Phase IV TET 69/Counteroffensive Vietnam Summer-Fall 1969 Vietnam Winter-Spring 1970 Sanctuary Counteroffensive Southwest Monsoon Commando Hunt V Command Hunt VI

Armed Forces Expeditionary Streamers None

Decorations Presidential Unit Citations (Southeast Asia) 1 Aug 1968-31 Aug 1969 1 Jan-31 Dec 1970 30 Jan-30 Sep 1971

Air Force Outstanding Unit Awards with the Combat V Device 1 May 1963-31 Jul 1964 1 Jul 1965-15 May 1966 1 Jul 1966-31 May 1967 1 May 1969-30 Apr 1970 Air Force Outstanding Unit Awards 30 Sep 1974-31 Mar 1976 1 Jul 1982-30 Jun 1984 1 Jul 1984-30 Apr 1986 1 Dec 1986-2 Oct 1988 3 Oct 1988-30 Sep 1990 1 Oct 1992-[1 Oct 1993]

Republic of Vietnam Gallantry Cross with Palm 1 Apr 1966-[30 Sep 1971]

Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation 19-20 Aug 1972

EMBLEM









On a white disc, border black, piped white, a gremlin proper, wearing a blue suit trimmed with collar, cuffs, and three buttons, all red, red shoes and cap, diving through the air, peering forward under the cupped right hand while holding brown briefcase in the left hand; binoculars strung about the neck by black straps and flowing to rear. The insignia typifies the function of the squadron, speedy courier service, observation, reconnaissance, and liaison. (Approved, 11 Oct 1943)

ΜΟΤΤΟ

NICKNAME

OPERATIONS

The 19th observation (later, Liaison) Squadron activated on 2Mar 1942. Flew anti-submarine

missions while undergoing observation training at various bases in the southeastern U.S. Shipped to the west coast and departed the U.S. on 9 Mar 1944. Arrived in India in April, and after several weeks of further training, moved to China in May 1944 to begin observation missions in support of Chinese ground forces. At various times, the 19th was based at or operated detachments from Kunming, Chengkung, Nanning, Poashan, Wenshan, Yunnanyi, Chihkiang, Kweiyang, and Liuchow. After Mar 1945, the squadron carried mail and passengers to American liaison personnel in South China, and 19 TASS flew re-supply missions to resistance forces operating behind enemy lines in French Indochina. Shortly after the Japanese surrendered, the 19th returned via India to the U.S., where it inactivated on 1 Dec 1945.

The 19th Tactical Air Support Squadron organized in Jul 1963 South Vietnam, where it flew missions for the Vietnamese Air Force and trained Vietnamese pilots and observers in the 0-1. Operations including forward air support, combat support liaison, visual reconnaissance, forward air control of fighters, artillery adjustment, and escort for convoys, trains, and helicopters. Also flew psychological warfare, radio relay, and re-supply missions. Briefly inactivated between Aug and Oct 1964, the 19th TASS renewed its support of combat operations on 21 Oct. Primarily it provided visual and photographic reconnaissance and airborne forward air control for fighter aircraft. Also trained USAF and Vietnamese pilots and observers in 0-1 and, from 1968, 0-2 and OV-10 operations. Then, on 30 Sep 1971, another unit absorbed the 19th's resources. The squadron remained unmanned and unequipped until transferred to Osan AB, South Korea, on 15 Jan 1972. Taking over the 0-2s of another squadron, the 19th TASS supported the Eighth U.S. Army and Republic of Korea (ROK) ground forces, providing close air and aerial reconnaissance support. In 1973, trained the ROK Air Force to operate a Direct Air Support Center. In 1975, converted to the OV-10A.

Provided close air and aerial reconnaissance support, supporting the Eighth U.S. Army and Republic of Korea ground forces, Jan 1972-1980; operated the forward air control mission within the Korean tactical air control system, 1980-1 Oct 1993.

Operated from 1975 until 1980 a tactical air control system from three forward locations, and maintained a detachment from 15 Apr 1976 to 8 Jan 1980 at Camp Casey, one of the three forward locations. Since 1980, the 19th has operated the forward air control mission within the Korean tactical air control system. Operated from Suwon AB, Sep-Nov 1983, while runway repair went on at Osan AB. Converted in 1983 to the OA-37B only to switch back to the OV-10 two years later. Periodically deployed personnel and aircraft at Clark AB, Philippines, for Cope Thunder exercises, supporting close air support tactical fighter aircraft in coordination with tactical air control systems. While assigned to the 5th Tactical Air Control Group during the 1980s, provided battalion liaison officers to the 2nd Infantry Division and OV-10 forward air control system. Moved from osan AB to Suwon AB, South Korea, in August 1989, but returned to Osan on 1 Oct 1990, when it was assigned to the 51st Fighter Group.

Air Combat Command officials approved the syllabus of a newly revamped Intelligence Weapons Instructor Course (IWIC) at the Air Force's Weapons School at Nellis AFB, Nev. Lt. Col. Abraham Jackson, commander of the 19th Weapons Squadron, said the new course consists of 415.5 academic hours and the syllabus covers 15 missions that takes place over 102 days at Nellis and several other locations. The new course aligns two former WIC courses—the intelligence sensor course and intelligence course—into one, said Jackson. The new IWIC is undergoing validation by the current Weapons School class, 14B, with the first official class of 12 students set to graduate in February 2015. The realignment is an effort to streamline content to meet USAF's new intelligence strategic vision, published last year by the Air Staff's intelligence directorate. The course emphasizes new training and concepts to better prepare graduates to operate in contested and degraded environments, using ISR gleaned from the air, sea, land, and cyber domains. Graduates will get training in tactical to national level sources and methods, Jackson noted, to develop a better understanding of adversary intentions and capabilities. The new course also incorporates a new phase dedicated to mission planning and ISR operations, where students learn to leverage ISR from several different mission sets. 2014

Air Force Order of Battle Created: 19 Nov 2010 Updated: 12 Nov 2015

Sources Air Force Historical Research Agency. U.S. Air Force. Maxwell AFB, AL. The Institute of Heraldry. U.S. Army. Fort Belvoir, VA. Air Force News. Air Force Public Affairs Agency.